KS4 Fine Art Core Knowledge Questions (in addition to KS3 questions)

- Q. What are the 5 key issues of quality you should consider when taking photographs?
- A. Lighting, Framing, Focus, Background, Subject Matter.
- Q. What is the name of the artistic movement that portrayed the essence of an object by displaying it from many different angles and points of view?
- A. Cubism
- Q. Who were the two key founders of the Cubist Movement?
- A. Pablo Picasso and George Braques
- Q. What is the difference between Analytical and Synthetic Cubism?
- A. Analytical Cubism was focused on the analysis and perception of an object. Synthetic Cubism was focused on the construction of an object. (Analytical = Recreation / Synthetic = Creation.
- Q. What is the key technique used for Synthetic Cubism
- A. Collage
- Q. What was the name of the artist who could see sound and hear colour?
- A. Wassily Kandinsky
- Q. What is the name of the technique that uses wax-resist dyeing applied to whole cloth?
- A. Batik
- Q. How does the Batik technique lend itself to theme 'Movement'
- A. The flow of the wax and the flowing application of wet dye.
- Q. What are the key characteristics of Art Nouveau?
- A. Curvilinear lines, organic forms, asymmetrical
- Q. What are the key characteristics of Art Deco?
- A. Symmetry, Geometrical shapes and forms.
- Q. Did the Cubism artists use traditional one point perspective in their work?
- A. No
- Q. What do we call a printing plate made up of slightly different raised thicknesses of card, string and other materials?
- A. A collagraph plate.
- Q. What art form interested Kandinsky as much as painting?
- A. Music
- Q. In comparing art to music Kandinsky once said colour was what object?
- A. A keyboard
- Q. What were the main subjects at Kandinsky's Bauhaus school?
- A. Art and Design.

- Q. Which musical name did Kandinsky give to a series of paintings?
- A. Composition.
- Q. What did Kandinsky claim he saw when listening to a good piece of music?
- A. Colours and lines.
- Q. In which European city did most of the Cubists live?
- A. Paris.
- Q. What main colours did the analytical Cubists use, dull or bright?
- A. Dull.
- Q. Was it Analytical Cubism or Synthetic Cubism that used tone mostly?
- A. Analytical.
- Q. What was the main subject matter of Cubism?
- A. Still life objects.
- Q. Can you name a third important Cubist artist as well as Picasso and Braque?
- A. Juan Gris.
- Q. What name has been given to the lines that cut across a Cubism painting?
- A. Force lines.
- Q. In Monet's outdoor painting of the Houses of Parliament, the London landmark is hidden by what? ... Eiffel tower, Big Ben, the ocean, fog.
- A. Fog
- Q. In 1874 Monet took part in in the first show of which artistic group? ...The Impressionists or the Expressionists
- A. The Impressionists.
- Q. Monet focussed on the changes in which natural element? ...Fire, rain, light, seasons A. Light.
- Q. Where did Monet build a studio? ... His garden, the Town Hall, the Louvre, his basement.
- A. His Garden.
- Q. Which of these objects did Monet not paint a series of? Airplanes, Water lilies, Cathedrals or Haystacks
- A. Airplanes.